

## **2024-2025 Broward College Annual Drug and Alcohol Disclosure**

**Last updated: July 31, 2024**

### **Introduction**

Broward College recognizes the health risks and costs associated with the use of illicit drugs and the abuse of alcohol and is committed to providing a drug-free and alcohol-free educational environment, which supports the mission of the College. The unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance at the College is strictly prohibited at any Broward College location or at any Broward College sponsored event. Sanctions are in place for those who violate the applicable policy related to drug and alcohol usage. Broward College also

Any employee who violates the Drug Free Workplace Policy and Procedure [6Hx2-3.05](#) is subject to discipline up to and including termination. The College may require an employee who violates this policy to successfully and satisfactorily complete a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a federal, state, or local agency.

### **Sanctions under Local, State, and Federal Law**

In addition to Broward College sanctions, Broward College students, faculty, and staff should also be aware of the following local, state and federal laws for unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol.

### **Florida Alcohol Laws**

It is unlawful for any person under the age of 21 years, except a person employed under the provisions of s. [562.13](#) acting in the scope of her or his employment within hotels, restaurants and other licensed establishments, to have in her or his possession alcoholic beverages. s. ([562.111](#))

The prohibition in this section against the possession of alcoholic beverages does not apply to the tasting of alcoholic beverages by a student who is at least 18 years of age, who is tasting the alcoholic beverages as part of the student's required curriculum at a postsecondary educational institution that is institutionally accredited by an agency recognized by the United States Department of Education and that is licensed or exempt from licensure pursuant to the provisions of chapter 1005 or is a public postsecondary education institution; if the student is enrolled in the college and is tasting the alcoholic beverages only for instructional purposes during classes that are part of such a curriculum; if the student is allowed only to taste, but not consume or imbibe, the alcoholic beverages; and if the alcoholic beverages at all times remain in the possession and control of authorized instructional personnel of the college who are 21 years of age or older.

A person may not sell, give, serve, or permit to be served alcoholic beverages to a person under 21 years of age or permit a person under 21 years of age to consume such beverages on the licensed premises. s. ([562.11](#)). A person who violates this subparagraph commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. [775.082](#) or s. [775.083](#). A person who violates this subparagraph a second or subsequent time within 1 year after a prior conviction commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. [775.082](#) or s. [775.083](#).

No person in the state shall be intoxicated and endanger the safety of another person or property, and no person in the state shall be intoxicated or drink any alcoholic beverage in a public place or in or upon any public conveyance and cause a public disturbance. s. ([856.011](#))

Any person violating the provisions of this subsection 856.011 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. [775.082](#) or s. [775.083](#).

Any person who shall have been convicted or have forfeited collateral under the provisions of subsection (1) three times in the preceding 12 months shall be deemed a habitual offender and may be committed by the court to an appropriate treatment resource for a period of not more than 60 days. Any peace officer, in lieu of incarcerating an intoxicated person for violation of subsection (1), may take or send the intoxicated person to her or his home or to a public or private health facility, and the law enforcement officer may take reasonable measures to ascertain the commercial

transportation used for such purposes is paid for by such person in advance. Any law enforcement officers so acting shall be considered as carrying out their official duty.

A person is guilty of the offense of driving under the influence and is subject to punishment as provided in subsection (2) if the person is driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle within this state and s. [\(316.193\)](#):

- (a) The person is under the influence of alcoholic beverages, any chemical substance set forth in s. [877.111](#), or any substance controlled under chapter 893, when affected to the extent that the person's normal faculties are impaired;
- (b) The person has a blood-alcohol level of 0.08 or more grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood; or
- (c) The person has a breath-

For more detailed information about the laws in the Florida Statutes mentioned in this document, please visit that specific statute.

**Federal Drug Laws**

Federal drug laws prohibit the possession, distribution, sale, trafficking, cultivation, and manufacturing of various controlled substances. Prohibited drugs include marijuana, cocaine, methamphetamine, heroin, and a number of narcotic

specific drugs and effects can be found in the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration's [DEA Drug Fact Sheets](#).